



## **DI-SAN**

### **An accessory (co-injection) chemical for increased fluid action and sanitization.**

DI-SAN is a water-soluble formulation containing the patented chemical ingredient, Glutaraldehyde, in combination with other accessory preservatives and drainage-promoting agents. It also includes modifying and control chemicals that act to promote better distribution and penetration of the injected fluid. This results in more uniform and complete saturation of the soft tissue areas. At the same time, DI-SAN increases the germicidal qualities of the arterial solution — it is compatible with any arterial fluid. This results in greater destruction of bacteria present in the tissue and thereby reduces or minimizes the possible infectious nature of remains.

### **DIRECTIONS**

DI-SAN can be used up to 4 oz. per gallon of arterial solution as a co-injection (accessory) fluid to improve penetration and firming action, and to enhance the sanitizing qualities of the arterial fluid.

DI-SAN is compatible with all Champion arterial fluids (refer to Arterial Fluid Product Data Sheet for recommended dilutions). Also, DI-SAN should be used at the rate of 4-8 oz. when a non-glutaraldehyde based cavity fluid is used on an infectious body.

DI-SAN is not intended for use as a general disinfectant or sterilant and should not be used for such purposes under any circumstances. Champion has several registered and approved disinfectants that are recommended for such uses.

**BEFORE USING, READ SAFETY DATA SHEET.  
FOR PROFESSIONAL EMBALMING USE ONLY.**

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Trade name : DI-SAN

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Accessory Embalming Fluid

Use of the substance/mixture : For professional use only

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

THE CHAMPION COMPANY  
400 Harrison Street  
Springfield, Ohio 45505

Telephone No. (937) 324-5681

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

INFOTRAC: 1-800-535-5053 DOMESTIC or 352-323-3500 INTERNATIONAL

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### GHS-US classification

Flam. Liq. 4	H227
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	H331
Skin Corr. 1B	H314
Eye Dam. 1	H318
Resp. Sens. 1	H334
Skin Sens. 1	H317

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### GHS-US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



Signal word (GHS-US) :

Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) :

H227 - Combustible liquid  
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage  
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction  
H318 - Causes serious eye damage  
H331 - Toxic if inhaled  
H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) :

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.  
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. - No smoking  
P260 - Do not breathe dust, fume, mist, spray, vapors  
P261 - Avoid breathing dust, fume, mist, spray, vapors  
P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling  
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product  
P271 - Use only in a well-ventilated area  
P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace  
P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves  
P285 - In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection  
P301+P330+P331 - If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting  
P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water  
P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water  
P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing  
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

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P308+P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical attention  
P310 - Immediately call a doctor  
P311 - Call a doctor  
P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention  
P342+P311 - If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a doctor  
P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse  
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse  
P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use alcohol resistant foam, dry powder, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) to extinguish  
P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed  
P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool  
P405 - Store locked up  
P501 - Dispose of contents and container to comply with applicable local, state, national and international regulation..

### 2.3. Other hazards

other hazards which do not result in classification : Spills of this product present a serious slipping hazard.

### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substance

Not applicable

### 3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Glutaraldehyde	(CAS No) 111-30-8	<12	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H330 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335
Isopropyl alcohol	(CAS No) 67-63-0	<8	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
Ethyl formate	(CAS No) 109-94-4	< 0.2	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H335
Oils, cedarwood, Texan	(CAS No) 68990-83-0	< 0.2	Asp. Tox. 1, H304

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

- First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
- First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately get medical attention. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Immediately call a doctor.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : Flush with large amounts of water. Wash skin thoroughly with mild soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Never give anything by mouth to a person who is not fully conscious. Call a POISON CENTER. Give water to drink if victim completely conscious and alert.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Symptoms/injuries : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

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Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Toxic if inhaled. Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Causes damage to liver through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Prolonged or repeated contact with the skin may cause dermatitis.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage. symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling and blurred vision. Can cause blindness.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: May cause nausea, vomiting and diarrhea . Can cause blindness. Death in extreme cases.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard	: Combustible liquid.
Explosion hazard	: May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. Heating will cause pressure rise with risk of bursting and subsequent explosion. Vapor heavier than air may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Reactivity	: Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapors.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions	: Approach from upwind. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.
Protective equipment for firefighters	: Wear a self contained breathing apparatus. Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.
Other information	: Material spilled on hard surface can present a serious slipping/falling hazard. Hazardous decomposition products may be released during prolonged heating like smokes, carbon monoxide and dioxide. On heating, there is a risk of bursting due to internal pressure build-up. Cool down the containers exposed to heat with a water spray. Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks).

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	: Avoid breathing mist or vapor . Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Stop leak if safe to do so. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No open flames. No smoking. Spills of this product present a serious slipping hazard.
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#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures	: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.
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#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment	: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
Emergency procedures	: Ventilate area.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

If the product has escaped into a water course, into the drainage system, or has contaminated the ground or vegetation, notify the competent authorities. Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	: Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect all waste in suitable and labelled containers and dispose according to local legislation. Store away from other materials. Consult the appropriate authorities about waste disposal. Incinerate, dispose in sanitary landfill - if permitted. Ensure all national and local regulations are observed. Eliminate all sources of ignition, avoid sparks, flames and do not smoke in risk area.
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### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

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### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Additional hazards when processed : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. - No smoking.
- Precautions for safe handling : Work in a well-ventilated area. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Keep containers closed. Empty container retains product residue. Handle uncleaned empty containers as full ones. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. - No smoking. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. No open flames. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing mist or vapor.
- Hygiene measures : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Technical measures : Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation. A washing facility for eye and skin cleaning purposes should be present. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Comply with applicable regulations.
- Storage conditions : Keep out of reach of children. Keep only in the original container in a cool, well-ventilated place away from highly flammable substances. Keep container tightly closed and dry. Store away from direct sunlight or other heat sources. Keep in fireproof place. Keep container tightly closed.
- Incompatible materials : Strong acids, bases. Oxidizing agents.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Glutaraldehyde (111-30-8)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (ppm)	0.05 ppm (activated and inactivated)

  

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	400 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	980 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	400 ppm

  

Ethyl formate (109-94-4)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

- Appropriate engineering controls : Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation. Monitoring the effectiveness of engineering control is recommended.
- Personal protective equipment : Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Wear protective clothing, protective gloves, eye protection/goggles, face protection. For certain operations, additional Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) may be required.
- Hand protection : Wear impermeable protective nitrile gloves. The quality of the protective gloves resistant to chemicals must be chosen as a function of the specific working place concentration and quantity of hazardous substances.
- Eye protection : Contact lenses should not be worn. Chemical goggles and face shields are required to prevent potential eye contact, irritation or injury.
- Skin and body protection : Long sleeved protective clothing. Overall. Rubber apron, boots. safety foot-wear.
- Respiratory protection : In case of insufficient ventilation. Wear suitable respiratory equipment. Approved organic vapor respirator.
- Other information : Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

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### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: Clear
Color	: Slightly pink
Odor	: Mild pleasant odor
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: 1
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 96 °C (205 °F)
Flash point	: 70 °C (158 °F COC)
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: 1
Relative density	: No data available
Density	: 1.026 Specific Gravity
Solubility	: Water: completely soluble
Log Pow	: No data available
Log Kow	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidising properties	: No data available
Explosive limits	: 6.7 - 72 vol %

#### 9.2. Other information

VOC content	: 15% (Percent volatiles)
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### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapors.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable at normal conditions. Unstable on exposure to heat. Combustible liquid. May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Sparks. Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame. Overheating. Heat. Sparks.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Strong bases.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

On thermal combustion form: Fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. May release flammable gases. Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapors.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	: Toxic if inhaled.
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#### Glutaraldehyde (111-30-8)

LD50 oral rat	252 mg/kg
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LD50 dermal rabbit	560 µl/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	0.1 mg/l/4h
ATE US (oral)	252.00000000 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE US (vapors)	0.10000000 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust,mist)	0.10000000 mg/l/4h

<b>Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	1870 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	4059 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	72600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Exposure time: 4 h)
ATE US (oral)	4396.00000000 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE US (dermal)	12800.00000000 mg/kg bodyweight

<b>Ethyl formate (109-94-4)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	1850 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg
ATE US (oral)	1850.00000000 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE US (gases)	4500.00000000 ppmv/4h
ATE US (vapors)	11.00000000 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust,mist)	1.50000000 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

<b>Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)</b>	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable

Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Toxic if inhaled.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Toxic if inhaled. Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Causes damage to liver through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Prolonged or repeated contact with the skin may cause dermatitis.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage. symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling and blurred vision. Can cause blindness.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: May cause nausea, vomiting and diarrhea . Can cause blindness. Death in extreme cases.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

<b>Glutaraldehyde (111-30-8)</b>	
LC50 fishes 1	7.8 - 22 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])
EC50 Daphnia 1	14 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 fish 2	2.6 - 4.8 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [flow-through])
EC50 Daphnia 2	0.56 - 1.0 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])

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### Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)

LC50 fishes 1	9640 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 Daphnia 1	13299 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 fish 2	11130 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

#### DI-SAN

Persistence and degradability : Not established.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

#### DI-SAN

Bioaccumulative potential : Not established.

#### Glutaraldehyde (111-30-8)

Log Pow : 0.22 (at 25 °C)

#### Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)

Log Pow : 0.05 (at 25 °C)

#### Ethyl formate (109-94-4)

BCF fish 1 : (will not bioconcentrate)

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer : No additional information available

Effect on the global warming : No additional information available

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Consult the appropriate authorities about waste disposal. Incinerate, dispose in sanitary landfill - if permitted. Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local and national regulations. Dispose of contents and container to comply with applicable local, state, national and international regulation..

Additional information : Do not re-use empty containers. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to flames, sparks, heat, or other potential ignition sources. Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment. Hazardous waste due to toxicity.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN2922, Corrosive liquids, toxic, n.o.s. (Glutaraldehyde), 8, PGIII, ltd.qty.

Hazard labels (DOT) : 8 - Corrosive  
6.1 - Poison inhalation hazard



Packing group (DOT) : III - Minor Danger

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 154

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 203

DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 241

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27) : 5 L

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75) : 60 L

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DOT Vessel Stowage Location	: B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.
DOT Vessel Stowage Other	: 40 - Stow "clear of living quarters"

### Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available.

### Transport by sea

No additional information available

### Air transport

No additional information available

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. US Federal regulations

<b>Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Listed on United States SARA Section 313	
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 % (only if manufactured by the strong acid process, no supplier notification)

### 15.2. International regulations

#### CANADA

<b>Glutaraldehyde (111-30-8)</b>	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 1 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects Class E - Corrosive Material
<b>Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)</b>	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects
<b>Ethyl formate (109-94-4)</b>	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

#### EU-Regulations

<b>Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)</b>	
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)	

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

No additional information available

#### Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]

No additional information available

#### 15.2.2. National regulations

<b>Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)</b>	
Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances) Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China) Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory Listed on the Japanese ISHL (Industrial Safety and Health Law) Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List) Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals) Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances) Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)	

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### 15.3. US State regulations

No additional information available

### SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : None.

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16:

Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 2
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 3
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2A
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids Category 2
Flam. Liq. 4	Flammable liquids Category 4
Resp. Sens. 1	Sensitisation — Respiratory, category 1
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
Skin Sens. 1	Sensitisation — Skin, category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H227	Combustible liquid
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H330	Fatal if inhaled
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness

### HMIS III Rating

Health : 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur  
Flammability : 2 Moderate Hazard  
Physical : 0 Minimal Hazard

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

*The information herein given is in good faith but no warranty, expressed or implied, is made, except that to the best of the Company's knowledge it is accurate. The Champion Company does not assume any legal responsibilities for use or dependence upon same. Customers may wish to conduct tests of their own. The user is urged to read the information provided on the label before using product.*